

THE CITY OF NEW YORK INDEPENDENT BUDGET OFFICE

110 WILLIAM STREET, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10038 (212) 442-0632 • FAX (212) 442-0350 •EMAIL: <u>iboenews@ibo.nyc.ny.us</u> http://www.ibo.nyc.ny.us

July 10, 2014

Andrew Berman
Executive Director
Greenwich Village Society for Historic Preservation
232 East 11th Street
New York, NY 10003

Dear Mr. Berman:

In response to your request the Independent Budget Office (IBO) analyzed the number of rent-regulated apartments in historic districts in New York City. There are 41,299 rent-regulated units in areas designated as historic districts, according to data reported by regulated building owners in 2012, the most recent year available, which accounts for approximately 5 percent of the city's total 841,865 units of rent-regulated housing. More than two-thirds of historic districts (88 out of 126) contained at least one rent-regulated apartment in 2012. Because rent regulation generally applies to buildings with six or more units, IBO limited our analysis to buildings with six or more units. (See "Data and Methods" section). While this analysis relies on the best available data on the city's rent-regulated housing stock, the actual number of regulated units—both citywide and those within historic districts—is likely somewhat higher than these estimates because of incomplete reporting by regulated building owners.

Slightly Less Than Half of Rental Housing in Historic Districts is Rent-Regulated

	Total Citywide Within Histor		Outside Historic Districts	
Residential Units	3,451,037	190,872	3,260,165	
Rental Units	1,581,346	85,243	1,496,103	
Units in Rental Buildings	1,519,521	79,075	1,440,446	
Rent-Regulated Units	841,865	41,299	800,566	
Rent-Regulated Units in Rental Buildings	780,040	35,131	744,909	
Rent-Regulated Units in Other Buildings	61,825	6,168	55,657	
% of Rental Units Under Regulation	53%	48%	54%	

NOTES: Only units in buildings with six or more apartments are included in the rent-regulated and rental unit counts. *Rental Units* is the sum of *Units in Rental Buildings* and *Rent-Regulated Units in Other Buildings*, which represents rent-regulated housing in buildings that are not designated as rental in city data, for example, in buildings that converted to condos or coops or in certain hotels. We assume that all rental housing in these types of buildings is under regulation. The presence of unregulated rental housing in those buildings would mean that there are more rental units in the city and that a smaller share is under rent regulation.

SOUCRCES: IBO analysis of NYS Division of Homes and Community Renewal and NYC Department of City Planning data.

Data and Methods. The data for this analysis were taken from four sources. The first and main source of data for the number of units under rent regulation is annual rent-registration filings obtained by IBO from the New York State Division of Homes and Community Renewal (DHCR) for 2012, the most recent year available. Every year, the owners of rent-regulated apartments are required to register with DHCR. These filings include the number of apartments that are rent regulated, the rents of the apartments, as well as the reason for the rent regulation. However, not all rent-regulated apartment owners file each year. This may be because all of the units in their building have been deregulated (although buildings are supposed to file through the year the last apartment in their building is deregulated) or because they simply neglected to file.

IBO augmented the list of rent-regulated buildings from DHCR with data from the city's Department of Finance's (DOF) Open Balance file. Rent-regulated building owners are required to pay the city an annual fee for each rent-regulated apartment in the property. Because this is a per-unit fee, IBO was able to determine the number of regulated apartments in the small share of buildings that did not register with DHCR, but did pay the fee to the city. Nearly all of the rent-regulated unit data came from the DHCR registration lists with less than 1 percent coming percent from the Open Balance file.

The list of buildings with rent-regulated units was then matched with building-level data from the MapPLUTO files for 2013 maintained by the Department of City Planning to determine the total number of residential units, the total number of units in rental buildings, and whether the building was in a historic district. We used the most recent MapPLUTO file to include historic districts as of October 2013, even though the registration data is from an earlier year.

Because rent regulation generally applies to buildings with six or more units, IBO excluded rent-regulated units in smaller buildings from the total rent-regulated unit counts. Citywide, there are an additional 12,710 units of rent-regulated units reported in buildings with less than six units (less than 1.5 percent of all units under rent-regulation). Of those, 813 are within historic districts and 11,987 are outside historic districts. IBO also excluded 3,537 units of rent-regulated housing that registered with the state, but could not be matched with other city data and we were unable to determine if the building was in a historic district.

For this analysis, rental housing is defined as the sum of all units in rental buildings with six or more units plus the regulated units in non-rental buildings, which are primarily coop and condo buildings following conversion and certain rooms in hotels or dormitories. Our assumptions are that all rental housing in those buildings is under regulation and that units not under regulation are either privately owned or rented on a short-term basis (for example, as hotel rooms). If there are rental units in these buildings that are not under regulation, our analysis overstates the share of rental housing that is regulated.

The rent-regulated building list was also matched with DOF Real Property Assessment database to determine whether buildings with regulated units were receiving either a 421-a or 421-g property tax exemption in 2012. Because the rents in these buildings are often higher than those of buildings under traditional rent regulation, IBO broke out these units.

Regulated Housing as Share of Units in Rental Housing. IBO found that there are 190,872 units of residential housing in historic districts. Of those, 41,299 units are reported as rent-regulated, which includes units in coop and condo buildings still under regulation following conversion and certain units in hotels. Of all rental units in historic districts, 48 percent are under regulation. To compare this with housing located outside of historic districts, there are approximately 3.3 million units of residential housing not within a historic district; approximately 1.5 million of those units are rentals. With 800,566 units of reported rent-regulated housing in areas not designated as a historic district, a slightly higher share of rental housing (54 percent) is regulated outside of historic districts.

Regulation Due to Tax Benefits. IBO also examined the number of units that were under rent regulation because the building is receiving a tax benefit from the city, specifically through the 421-a exemption program for the construction of eligible multifamily housing and the 421-g tax exemption program for the conversion of some commercial space to housing in Lower Manhattan. (The authority to approve new 421-g exemptions expired in 2006, but many remain in effect.) Under both programs, owners are exempt from increases in property taxes for a certain period of time. While the exemption remains in effect for a property, rents in the buildings are subject to rent regulation. Tax status was based on whether the property tax roll showed the parcel receiving the tax exemption in 2012 rather than the self-reported tax exemption status on the rent regulation registration data.

Some 787 units of housing in historic districts that reported being rent-regulated in 2012 were receiving a 421-a or 421-g tax exemption. This accounts for 2 percent of the total rent-regulated units in the historic districts. In areas outside of historic districts, a larger share of units that registered as rent regulated in 2012 were receiving a 421-a or 421-g tax exemption, 7 percent or 55,469 units.

Appendix. Included with this letter is an appendix that contains a list of the historic districts with rent-regulated unit counts. Because data on regulation status of units is confidential according to state law, IBO only provided district-level totals for historic districts that contain more than three rent-regulated buildings. Therefore, 17 historic districts with regulated units in 2012 are not included in the appendix. These excluded districts, however, contain only a small number of rent-regulated units (497). Thus, the vast majority of regulated units in historic districts that registered in 2012 (97 percent) are included in the appendix.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 212-341-6045 or anac@ibo.nyc.ny.us or Elizabeth Brown, IBO's housing analyst who completed the analysis, at 212-341-6086 or elizabethb@ibo.nyc.ny.us.

Sincerely,

Ana Champeny

a B Charp

APPENDIX: HISTORIC DISTRICTS WITH RENT-REGULATED UNITS

Historic District	Total Residential Units	Total Units in Rental Buildings	Total Rental Units In Other Buildings	Total Rental Units	Rent- Regualted Units 2012	Share of Rental Units Regulated
Audubon Park	1,231	723	109	832	699	84%
Bed Stuy/Expanded Stuyvesant Heights	2,427	608	-	608	185	30%
Boerum Hill	1,011	61	-	61	31	51%
Brooklyn Heights	10,100	3,950	315	4,265	1,700	40%
Carnegie Hill	291	159	i	159	26	16%
Charlton-King-Vandam	563	284	10	294	109	37%
Chelsea	1,016	510	6	516	236	46%
Chelsea Historic District Extension	987	330	65	395	144	36%
Clay Avenue	146	73	-	73	53	73%
Clinton Hill	4,480	1,623	155	1,778	934	53%
Cobble Hill	3,552	708	134	842	484	57%
Crown Heights North	2,528	1,698	11	1,709	1,052	62%
Crown Heights North II	3,086	1,781	72	1,853	1,055	57%
DUMBO	1,458	425	-	425	315	74%
East 10th Street	204	146	2	148	43	29%
East 17th Street/Irving Place	85	74	-	74	14	19%
East Village/ Lower East Side	3,367	3,000	16	3,016	1,209	40%
Expanded Carnegie Hill	3,667	640	40	680	217	32%
Fort Greene	3,062	999	15	1,014	476	47%
Gansevoort Market	585	456	-	456	62	14%
Gramercy Park	608	197	9	206	90	44%
Grand Concourse	5,981	4,120	217	4,337	3,698	85%
Greenpoint	1,399	622	18	640	448	70%
Greenwich Village	21,496	9,628	718	10,346	4,253	41%
Greenwich Village Historic Dist. Ext.	548	314	22	336	89	26%
Greenwich Village Historic Dist. Ext. II	2,405	1,783	6	1,789	537	30%
Hamilton Heights	734	394	17	411	184	45%
Hamilton Heights Extension	717	554	2	556	361	65%
Hamilton Heights/Sugar Hill	1,534	985	25	1,010	584	58%
Hamilton Heights/Sugar Hill District Ext	197	182	-	182	152	84%
Hamilton Heights/Sugar Hill Northeast	999	831		831	646	78%
Hamilton Heights/Sugar Hill Northwest	826	494	8	502	178	35%
Jackson Heights	8,024	3,149	244	3,393	3,088	91%
Ladies' Mile	2,502	1,104	17	1,121	745	66%
Lamartine Place	141	102	3	105	62	59%
Madison Square North	789	462	320	782	765	98%
Metropolitan Museum	1,151	206	4	210	52	25%
Mott Haven	167	74	-	74	49	66%
Mott Haven East	234	164	-	164	125	76%
Mount Morris Park	1,390	752	41	793	263	33%
Murray Hill	454	276		276	38	14%

Historic District	Total Residential Units	Total Units in Rental Buildings	Total Rental Units In Other Buildings	Total Rental Units	Rent- Regualted Units 2012	Share of Rental Units Regulated
NoHo	1,759	675	20	695	88	13%
Noho East	309	113	4	117	37	32%
NoHo Historic District Extension	305	60	10	70	38	54%
Park Slope	7,588	2,282	94	2,376	1,069	45%
Park Slope Historic District Extension	2,492	741	53	794	367	46%
Prospect Heights	3,264	874	68	942	533	57%
Prospect Lefferts Gardens	1,244	128		128	62	48%
Ridgewood North	553	483	ana na a a a a a a	483	383	79%
Ridgewood South	1,187	1,083	-	1,083	773	71%
Riverside - West 105th Street	285	240	-	240	102	43%
Riverside Drive-West 80th-81 Street	243	179	30	209	60	29%
Riverside-West End	5,441	2,248	553	2,801	1,502	54%
Riverside-West End Historic Dist. Ext. I	4,924	2,038	944	2,982	1,727	58%
SoHo-Cast Iron	2,349	173	60	233	81	35%
SoHo-Cast Iron Historic District Ext.	630	184	-	184	38	21%
South Street Seaport	371	197	1	198	81	41%
St. Mark's	208	81	4	85	17	20%
St. Nicholas	451	161		161	69	43%
Stuyvesant Heights	1,302	229	-	229	93	41%
Stuyvesant Square	307	83	169	252	188	75%
Sunnyside Gardens	1,689	768	-	768	684	89%
Tribeca East	1,053	186	15	201	43	21%
Tribeca South	378	72	11	83	20	24%
Tribeca West	1,454	158	7	165	34	21%
Tudor City	3,157	62	106	168	118	70%
Upper East Side	10,533	2,447	83	2,530	612	24%
Upper East Side Historic District Ext.	956	160	25	185	94	51%
Upper West Side/Central Park West	30,961	16,137	1,196	17,333	6,049	35%
West 71st Street	187	147	-	147	35	24%
West End - Collegiate	1,624	1,027	45	1,072	354	33%

NOTES: Due to confidentiality of the data, only districts with more than three rent-regulated buildings are included. Only units in buildings with six or more apartments are included in the rent-regulated and rental unit counts. *Total Rental Units* is the sum of units in rental buildings and *Rent-Regulated Units in Other Buildings*, which represents rent-regulated housing in buildings that are not designated as rental in city data, for example, in buildings that converted to condos or coops or in certain hotels. We assume that all rental housing in these types of buildings is under regulation. The presence of unregulated rental housing in those buildings would mean that there are more rental units in the city and that a smaller share is under rent regulation.

SOURCES: IBO analysis of data from the NYS Division of Homes and Community Renewal and NYC Department of City Planning