IBO's Programmatic Review of the 2006 Budget as of the November Financial Plan

Department of Consumer Affairs (DCA)



New York City Independent Budget Office

Ronnie Lowenstein, Director George Sweeting, Deputy Director Preston Niblack, Deputy Director Frank Posillico, Deputy Director 110 William St., 14th Floor . New York, NY 10038 Tel. (212) 442-0632 . Fax (212) 442-0350 e-mail: ibo@ibo.nyc.ny.us . http://www.ibo.nyc.ny.u

Introductory Note

IBO's programmatic reviews of the 2006 budgets of selected city agencies are intended to assist the public and elected officials better understand the allocation of budgetary resources to city services by presenting agency budgets in a way that is more closely aligned with the actual programs, functions, and services of major city agencies.

The current city budget presentation inhibits understanding and participation in three ways.

First, agency budgets, organized into broad *units of appropriation*, do not easily allow users to understand how much money is being spent from one year to the next on the programs and services that citizens and their elected representatives care about—programs such as job training, childhood lead-poisoning prevention, HIV/AIDS prevention and treatment, after-school programs, immigrant services, affordable housing construction, and recreation programs.

Second, budget proposals are presented in terms of Financial Plan changes, rather than in terms of year-to-year comparisons. A proposed cut, or "PEG," of \$1 million in a program is presented without information on how much was previously projected for spending on that program in previous Financial Plans, and whether the \$1 million "cut" would leave spending lower, higher, or the same as previous years' spending levels. This presentation often manifests itself in annual debates over "hidden cuts" and what has been "baselined" in the Financial Plan. This manner of presenting the budget makes it difficult to understand the consequences for agency programs of budgetary decisions.

Finally, it is virtually impossible to link spending decisions to program results. Although at one time the city was a trailblazer in performance reporting, the lack of linkage between performance data reported in the Mayor's Management Report and elsewhere, and clear spending information, makes it difficult for citizens, elected officials, and even agency managers to know what they are getting for their money and to evaluate alternatives. Our programmatic budget presentations integrate existing performance data from the Mayor's Management Report, Capstat, and other sources produced by the Mayor's office alongside spending figures, to provide a unified presentation of both spending and performance.

Our goal in preparing these budget reviews has been to hew as closely as possible to how the agencies themselves present their organization, programs, and services, on their official Web sites and other sources, including using the agencies' own language to describe programs in most cases. While we have sought, and in most cases received, considerable input from agencies in the preparation of the program budget reviews, our presentations are not necessarily how the Mayor's budget office or the agencies themselves would present their budgets, were they to do so in programmatic terms. Nonetheless, we think that our presentations can be instructive and point the way toward how to improve understanding of the city's budget in a way that enhances public participation in the budget process.

IBO will periodically update our program budgets. We will continue to separately issue our analysis of the Preliminary Budget, including of selected agency budgets, as we have every year as required by City Charter section 246.

We welcome your comments or questions, which you may direct to IBO at (212) 442-0632, or by e-mail to **ibo@ibo.nyc.ny.us**.

MISSION

The Department of Consumer Affairs' (DCA) mission is to foster a marketplace that consumers trust and in which honest businesses thrive. DCA has two primary jobs: to protect the rights of consumers and license many small businesses.

AGENCY DESCRIPTION

DCA answers inquiries and responds to complaints from thousands of people annually. DCA mediates thousands of disputes between consumers and merchants and sometimes resorts to legal action against businesses to secure consumer restitution.

DCA also licenses more than 60,000 businesses in 55 categories. DCA enforces the regulations on these businesses and curbs misleading and deceptive trade practices among all businesses. DCA works with trade associations and community-based organizations to provide free information and business seminars to merchants about their obligations under the law.

FIVE-YEAR EXPENDITURE TRENDS BY PROGRAM AREA

Department of Consumer	Affairs				
Dollars in millions	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	A	A	A	A	Current
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Modified
Spending by Program Area					
Enforcement	\$4.40	\$4.21	\$4.88	\$4.69	\$4.41
Licensing	1.98	1.92	2.11	2.50	2.41
Adjudication & Collections	1.44	1.40	1.29	1.57	1.68
Communications	1.27	1.18	1.04	1.00	1.05
Administration	5.21	5.23	5.30	5.62	5.75
TOTAL	\$14.30	\$13.95	\$14.63	\$15.39	\$15.30
Spending by Object					
Personal Services	\$11.40	\$10.79	\$11.37	\$11.77	\$12.19
OTPS	2.90	3.16	3.26	3.62	3.11
Full-time Personnel*	222	222	228	221	220
SOURCE: IBO.					

NOTES: *Full-time personnel: June 30 actual for 2002 through 2005; budgeted positions for 2006. Actual full-

Performance Results: See program sections.

time staffing as of November 30 for 2006.

PROGRAM CHART

Program Area	Programs
Enforcement	
	General
	Youth Tobacco
Licensing	
	General
	Health
Adjudication & Collections	
Communications	
Administration & Legal	
	General
	Legal

PROGRAM AREA: Enforcement

The DCA Enforcement Division conducts inspections citywide to make sure that the laws protecting consumers are upheld. The division enforces the weights and measures, consumer protection, and business licensing laws. The laws are enforced by inspecting New York City businesses, initiating legal action to halt deceptive trade practices, targeting businesses that illegally sell cigarettes to minors, and confiscating the vehicles of unlicensed and illegal home improvement contractors or tow truck operators.

The Enforcement program area includes two programs: general enforcement and youth tobacco enforcement.

Enforcement			2006
Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current
	_ Actual	_ Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$4,885	\$4,689	\$4,410
Personal services	4,660	4,301	4,234
Other than personal services	225	388	176
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	3,560
Intracity	n.a.	n.a.	733
State	n.a.	n.a.	117
Full-time Positions	84	81	78
Programs			
General	\$3,352	\$3,238	\$3,677
Youth Tobacco	\$1,533	\$1,451	\$733
SOURCE: IBO.			
NOTE: Full-time personnel: Actual as of	of June 30 for 20	002 through 2005	; as of
November 30 for 2006.			•

Key Performance Measures	Type of				
•	Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
Consumer Protection Law refund and receipt compliance rate (%) Weights & Measures Law compliance	Outcome	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	89%
rate (%)	Outcome				
- Gasoline pumps		98%	98%	97%	98%
- Fuel trucks		89%	92%	93%	91%
Inspected stores complying with regulations (%)	Outcome	85%	83%	85%	82%
Second time tobacco regulation offenders (%)	Outcome	19%	17%	18%	28%
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Report.					

Enforcement

General Enforcement

DCA enforces the city's Consumer Protection Law, which forbids all "deceptive or unconscionable trade practices in the sale, lease, rental, or loan, or in the offering for sale, lease, rental, or loan of any consumer goods and services, or in the collection of consumer debts." Under the law, DCA has authority to adopt rules prohibiting practices it defines as deceptive or unconscionable. DCA also enforces the city's Licensing Law, which applies to 55 types of businesses. By licensing, DCA keeps tabs on businesses and can intervene directly when consumers have complaints. Licensed businesses are subject to sanctions and penalties if they violate any of the laws and rules the DCA enforces.

In addition, DCA enforces the city's Weights and Measures law, which requires that any item must be sold by its true weight or measure. Scales must pass tests for accuracy, and the consumer should see the same numbers that the vendor sees. Finally, DCA also regulates the retail sale of gasoline to ensure that gasoline dealers do not provide preferential treatment for certain customers, require purchases of other goods as a precondition for gas purchase, or deny having a commodity when it is actually available.

General			2006	
Enforcement Dollars in thousands	2004 Actual Expenses	2005 Actual Expenses	Current Modified Budget	
Spending	\$3,352	\$3,238	\$3,677	
PS	3,331	3,226	3,648	
OTPS	20	12	29	
Funding				
City	n.a.	n.a.	3,560	
State	n.a.	n.a.	117	
Full-time Positions	84	81	78	
SOURCE: IBO. NOTE: Full-time personnel: Actual as of June 30 for 2002 through 2005; as of				

Performance Results:

November 30 for 2006.

General Enforcement Performance Statistics	Type of Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
Weights & Measures and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Consumer Protection inspections	Output	38,114	36,038	12,119	11,901
Weights & Measures violations	Output	8,151	11,141	2,901	1,288
Consumer Protection violations	Output	8,393	6,056	945	1,760
License inspections	Output	67,237	26,428	12,816	12,545
License violations	Output	22,758	15,512	1,963	2,182
Home improvement contractor	•				
(HIC) inspections	Output	4,819	1,990	n.a.	n.a.
HIC citations issued	Output	95	294	458	433
HIC confiscations	Output	85	53	83	325
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Report.					
NOTE: Change in reporting methodology	for inspections beginnin	g in 2004.			

Enforcement

Youth Tobacco Enforcement

The DCA licenses cigarette retailers in New York City, and enforces city and state laws that prohibit the sale of tobacco to minors. DCA hires teens to work with agency inspectors and go undercover to curb illegal sales to minors. Accompanied by a DCA inspector, teens conduct more than 14,000 routine inspections year-round in all five boroughs. If a store illegally sells cigarettes to minors, the vendor is given a violation and faces both city and state penalties, including fines and loss of license.

Youth Tobacco			2006
Enforcement Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current
Dollars III triousarius	_ Actual	_ Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$1,533	\$1,451	\$733
PS	1,328	1,075	586
OTPS	205	376	146
Funding			
Intra-city	n.a.	n.a.	733
Full-time Positions	0	0	0
SOURCE: IBO.			
NOTE: Full-time personnel:	Actual as of June	e 30 for 2002 throu	ugh2005; as of
November 30 for 2006.			

Youth Tobacco Enforcement Performance Statistics	Type of Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
Number of Inspections	Output	10,683	12,509	14,588	12,745
Tobacco violations issued	Output	1,737	2,096	2,120	2,347
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Re	port.		•		

Licensing

PROGRAM AREA: Licensing

DCA issues licenses to more than 60,000 businesses in 55 categories. It operates the DCA Licensing Center, which manages the issuance of licenses. Businesses requiring licenses include home improvement contractors, cigarette dealers, sidewalk cafes, debt collectors, parking lots and tow truck companies – to name a few. The division also processes licenses for the New York City Department of Health.

The Licensing program area is divided into two programs: general licensing and health licensing.

Licensing			2006
Dollars in thousands	2004 Actual	2005 Actual	Current Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$2,108	\$2,502	\$2,409
Personal services	1,833	2,053	2,133
Other than personal services	275	449	275
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	1,263
Intracity	n.a.	n.a.	1,146
Full-time Positions	49	47	47
Programs			
General Licensing	\$1,178	\$1,306	\$1,173
Health Licensing	\$930	\$1,197	\$1,236
SOURCE: IBO.	·f l 20 for 20	000 th == = h 000 F	
NOTE: Full-time personnel: Actual as of November 30 for 2006.	or June 30 for 20	ioz through2005	; as or

Key Performance Measures	Type of Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
License Law compliance rate (%)	Outcome Service	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	78%
Licensing Center wait time (minutes)	Quality	9.5	17.7	14.0	13.0
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Report.					

Department of Consumer Affairs Licensing

General Licensing

This program includes costs related to DCA's business licensing responsibilities.

General Licensing			2006		
Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current		
	Actual	Actual	Modified		
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget		
Spending	\$1,178	\$1,306	\$1,173		
PS	1,178	1,306	1,173		
OTPS	0	0	0		
Funding					
City	n.a.	n.a.	1,173		
Full-time Positions	35	32	30		
SOURCE: IBO.					
NOTE: Full-time personnel:	Actual as of June	: 30 for 2002 throu	gh2005; as of		
November 30 for 2006.					

General Licensing Performance Statistics	Type of Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
Current number of licenses	Demand	106,818	105,493	110,620	112,721
Licenses and permits issued	Output	35,980	41,711	37,497	39,138
New applications accepted	Output	12,365	14,425	11,706	15,435
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Repo	ort.				

Licensing

Health Licensing

This program includes DCA's responsibilities for processing licenses for the New York City Department of Health.

Health Licensing			2006
Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current
	Actual	Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$930	\$1,197	\$1,236
PS	655	747	961
OTPS	275	449	275
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	90
Intra-city	n.a.	n.a.	1,146
Full-time Positions	14	15	17
SOURCE: IBO.			
NOTE: Full-time personnel: November 30 for 2006.	Actual as of Jun	e 30 for 2002 throu	ugh2005; as of

Performance Results: No reported performance statistics.

Adjudication and Collections

PROGRAM AREA: Adjudication and Collections

The City fields thousands of complaint calls each year. When a complaint falls within DCA's legal jurisdiction, the DCA will mediate between the consumer and the store owner or merchant. In some cases, if the issue can't be resolved, DCA's administrative law judges will hear the case. When appropriate, the Legal Division pursues litigation against businesses that defraud consumers.

The DCA collects fines from licensed and unlicensed businesses that violate the Consumer Protection, Licensing, and Weights and Measures Laws.

Adjudication and Collections Dollars in thousands			0000
Dollars in triousands	2004	2005	2006 Current
	Actual	Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$1,293	\$1,571	\$1,676
Personal services	1,293	1,571	1,676
Other than personal services	0	0	0
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	1,676
Full-time Positions	33	32	33
SOURCE: IBO. NOTE: Full-time personnel: Actual as of November 30 for 2006.	June 30 for 20	02 through2005	; as of

Key Performance Measures	Type of						
	Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005		
Consumer complaints received	Demand	5,807	4,258	4,316	6,019		
Consumer complaints closed	Output	6,459	4,489	4,289	5,330		
 Complaints resolved in favor of 							
consumer	Output	4,306	2,832	2,377	2,958		
 Other resolution (court, invalid, 							
withdrawn, hearing, out of business)	Output	2,153	1,878	1,645	2,372		
Complaints resolved to the satisfaction	Service						
of businesses and consumer	Quality	51%	54%	54%	55%		
Valid complaints in mediation	Output	6,012	4,251	4,373	6,116		
	Service						
Complaint processing time (%):	Quality						
- within 0-29 days		46%	45%	43%	32%		
- within 30-45 days		24%	27%	29%	19%		
- over 45 days		30%	28%	28%	50%		
Ave. complaint processing time (days)	Outcome						
- Parking lots		27	25	29	70		
- Furniture stores		23	18	29	57		
- Electronic stores		23	20	30	54		
 Home improvement contractors 							
(unlicensed)		24	25	23	83		
 Home improvement contractor 							
(licensed)		28	21	23	143		
Consumer restitution awarded (in 000s)	Outcome	\$3,296	\$7,016	\$3,110	\$3,668		
Total Agency Collections (in 000s)	Outcome	\$4,397	\$4,983	\$6,858	\$8,035		
In-house Collections (in 000s)	Outcome	\$2,724	\$2,362	\$1,346	\$1,447		
SOURCES: Mayor's Management Report and Department of Consumer Affairs.							

Communications

PROGRAM AREA: Communications

DCA uses the press, the Web, publications, speaking engagements, and seminars to educate both consumers and businesses about their rights and responsibilities. DCA coordinates two citywide efforts to help New Yorkers improve their financial status. The agency also recommends legislation to protect consumers and organizes coalitions to support it.

Communications			2006
Dollars in thousands	2004 Actual Expenses	2005 Actual Expenses	Current Modified Budget
Spending	\$1,040	\$1,003	\$1,055
Personal services	1,040	1,003	1,055
Other than personal services	0	0	0
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	1,055
Full-time Positions	20	20	20
SOURCE: IBO. NOTE: Full-time personnel: Actual as of November 30 for 2006.	of June 30 for 20	002 through2005	; as of

Performance Results: No reported performance statistics.

Administration & Legal

PROGRAM AREA: Administration & Legal

This program area covers general administration functions that support DCA's various program areas. This includes litigation and mediation activities by the Legal Division to support DCA's enforcement efforts.

Administration & Legal			2006
Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current
	Actual	Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$5,301	\$5,622	\$5,752
Personal services	2,546	2,840	3,089
Other than personal services	2,756	2,782	2,663
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	5,660
Intracity	n.a.	n.a.	92
Full-time Positions	42	41	42
Programs			
General Administration	\$4,338	\$4,533	\$4,656
Legal	\$963	\$1,088	\$1,096
SOURCE: IBO.			
NOTE: Full-time personnel: Actual as	of June 30 for 20	002 through 2005	; as of
November 30 for 2006.			

Key Performance Measures	Type of Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
Settlements from lawsuits and seizures	Outcome				
 Total settlement amount (in 000s) 		\$535	\$1,167	\$2,259	\$1,730
 Average settlement amount 		\$2,316	\$2,499	\$2,469	\$1,627
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Report.					

Department of Consumer Affairs Administration & Legal

General Administration

This program includes general administration and information systems management activities that support DCA's various programs.

General			2006
Administration Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current
Dollars III tribusarius	Actual	Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$4,338	\$4,533	\$4,656
PS	1,583	1,751	1,993
OTPS	2,756	2,782	2,663
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	4,564
Intra-city	n.a.	n.a.	92
Full-time Positions	26	24	23
SOURCE: IBO.			
NOTE: Full-time personnel:	: Actual as of June	30 for 2002 throu	gh2005; as of
November 30 for 2006.			

Performance Results: No reported performance statistics.

Administration & Legal

Legal Affairs

This program includes DCA's litigation and mediation activities that bring affirmative legal actions to enforce the City's Consumer Protection Laws, License Enforcement Laws and Weights and Measures Laws, both in court and in the agency's administrative tribunal. This program also supports DCA's other duties to protect the public, including resolving complaints, responding to inquiries, and reviewing proposed consumer legislation.

Legal Affairs			2006
Dollars in thousands	2004	2005	Current
	Actual	Actual	Modified
	Expenses	Expenses	Budget
Spending	\$963	\$1,088	\$1,096
PS	963	1,088	1,096
OTPS	0	1	2
Funding			
City	n.a.	n.a.	1,096
Full-time Positions	16	17	19
SOURCE: IBO.			
NOTE: Full-time personnel:	Actual as of June	: 30 for 2002 throu	igh2005; as of
November 30 for 2006.			

Legal Affairs	Type of				
Performance Statistics	Indicator	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total cases opened	Output	1,012	576	915	1,063
- License Law		506	264	367	409
- Padlock Law		209	181	296	474
- Consumer Protection Law		287	131	170	180
- Weights and Measures Law		10	0	82	0
SOURCE: Mayor's Management Report.					